

BENEFITS - AS A VIEW OF SOCIAL PROTECTION

Teshaev Doniyor
Samarkand State University

ABSTRACT

This paper investigates major features benefits - as a view of social protection. Therefore, it makes analyses from theoretical and methodological aspects. In conclusion, it makes sum up outcomes and shortcomings as the whole.

Keywords : *Benefits, social view, protection, Uzbekistan, research.*

INTRODUCTION

Privileges are privileges granted to legal entities and individuals for certain reasons and may be granted to citizens in accordance with state laws and other legislation, as well as to its members by public associations in accordance with the decision of the administration. The person to whom the privileges are granted, as an exception to the established rules, is fully or partially exempted from the performance of certain obligations or enjoys certain conveniences in their performance. Benefits in areas such as taxes, state pensions, utility bills are set by the state. If the privileges are established by the legislation, the scope of its users, conditions of use, rules of procedure, grounds for occurrence and termination are specified. Benefits can also be granted to legal entities (for example, full or partial exemption from taxes, full or partial exemption, provision of loans on favorable terms, etc.), as well as individuals. The principles of equality and justice of citizens are strictly observed in the appointment of benefits. It is not allowed to provide benefits that are not provided by law and to prevent the use of legal benefits [1].

Article 18 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan states: "Privileges shall be established only by law and shall be in accordance with the principles of social justice" [2].

Today, benefits and privileges are one of the forms of protection of a certain segment of the population. These forms are increasingly manifested in labor processes, educational processes, and life processes. In particular, Chapter XIV of the Labor Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan, adopted on December 21, 1995, which defines and regulates benefits in labor processes, is devoted to these processes. Examples include:

- 1. Additional guarantees for women and those engaged in family duties;**
- 2. Additional guarantees for young people;**
- 3. Benefits for those who combine work with education, etc. [3].**

The legislation provides benefits and privileges to such categories of persons as a part-time work week, non-participation in night shifts, additional days off, annual leave and other guarantees.

Privileges and privileges in the educational process are manifested in a certain way in every legal basis adopted for education. From the 2018-2019 academic year, an additional 2% quota has been introduced for persons with disabilities from the total number of applicants to higher education institutions. Also, from January 1, 2018, for individual entrepreneurs with disabilities of groups I and II, regardless of the type of activity and place of its implementation, in the amount of 50% of the basic calculation amount per month (previous "minimum wage"), individual For each employee hired by an entrepreneur at the expense of persons with disabilities of groups I and II - a fixed tax rate of 15 percent of the basic calculation amount per month [4]. Certain segments of the population are entitled to preferential pensions and benefits. Also, today, according to the decree "On additional

measures to further strengthen social protection and financial support for the elderly," it is planned to pay a monthly supplement to the pension of citizens aged 100 and over in the amount of 100% of the basic calculation. In addition, in accordance with the decree, the elderly over 100 years old will be awarded the Medal of Fame.

The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Medicines and Pharmaceutical Activities" approved on April 25, 1997 states that in accordance with the procedure established by the Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Uzbekistan provides preferential treatment to certain categories of persons. provided. In accordance with the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated December 2, 1997 No 532 "On improving the system of funding for treatment and prevention facilities" (as amended by the Cabinet of Ministers of September 5, 2000 No 344), a number of pensioners and other citizens are provided with medicines free of charge according to the doctor's prescription. Including,

- single pensioners in need of care of others receiving outpatient treatment;
- participants of the war of 1941-1945, invalids, persons equated to them, invalids who took part in the period of liquidation of the consequences of the CAES disaster;

- International servicemen enjoy the above benefits.

Also, according to the current legislation of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On regulation of free use of urban passenger transport", according to the current legislation, certain categories of citizens have the right to free use of urban public transport (except for taxis).). Including,

- servicemen from the category of participants of the war of 1941-1945, invalids of the war of 1941-1945 and group 1, persons accompanying the invalids of the war; Persons awarded orders and medals for selfless labor and impeccable service behind the front during the war of 1941-1945;

- Citizens from the ranks of ex-combatants who took part in hostilities in the Republic of Afghanistan and other countries;

- military sergeants, ensigns, senior ensigns, midshipmen and midshipmen undergoing active military service;

- Persons who became ill as a result of the Chernobyl accident and suffered from radiation sickness;

- Blind people and their caregivers have the right to the above benefits.

According to the Regulation on the mechanism of compensation payments for housing and communal services, compensation payments are made to:

- Persons equated to invalids and participants of the war of 1941-1945;

- single pensioners in need of care;

- visually impaired people of the I group;

- Citizens affected by the Chernobyl disaster;

- Persons of retirement age who have served in the military at nuclear test sites and other radiation-nuclear facilities.

It will be recalled that in accordance with the Decree of the First President of the Republic of Uzbekistan IA Karimov dated March 27, 2003, from April 1, 2003, instead of the statutory benefits for payment of housing and communal services, monthly compensation payments in differentiated amounts were introduced.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, it should be noted that special attention is paid to improving the living standards of the population, especially the socially vulnerable. In particular, in recent years, many benefits and advantages have been provided in order to take measures to radically improve the system of state support for the elderly and people with disabilities in solving their social problems. These benefits will further improve the living standards of the population.

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